



Calendar Answers

- 1. Check them carefully or ask a grown-up to check with you!
- 2. An adjective is a describing word, circle all of the adjectives you have used to describe this person.
- 3. The plurals are: mice, sheep and geese. These words are exceptions to the general rule of plurals.
- 4/5. A synonym is a word which means the same as another word. Examples of synonyms for the word unhappy are: sad, unhappy, sorrowful, dejected, depressed, miserable, despairing. You could use any of the synonyms you identified, in a sentence.
 - **6.** A suffix goes after the root word. Some answers you could have had are: **teaching, musical** and **acting** or **acted**.
 - 7. Think about why this was your favourite reading book. Did it make you feel happy? Was the storyline interesting? Did something unexpected happen? Whatever it is, think about why you enjoyed that book the most. Use the internet to find books which are similar to the one you picked as being your favourite and try and find them in your local library!
 - 8. The proper noun in this sentence is **'Spongebob'** and the common noun is **'show'**.
 - 9. A homonym is two or more words which have the same spelling or pronunciation but different meanings. The two words that should be circled are: right (write) and close (adjective and adverb)
- 10/11. An adverb adds detail to a verb, the adverb in this sentence is loudly. An example of a synonym for loudly is noisily and an example of an antonym for loudly is quietly.
- 12/13. Your poem could be any form it could rhyme, be acrostic or a shape poem. You can look at images of nature or look outside for inspiration, be as creative as you can!
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 - 15. A verb is a doing word. Some examples of verbs you could have used are: ran, walked, dashed, danced, pranced, galloped, bolted.







- 16. A homophone is a word that sounds the same as another word but is spelt differently. The matching homophones are: new + knew, too + to + two, blue + blew.
- 17. Remember to end your sentence with an exclamation mark. For example: I saw a cake in the corner of the room, there was a bang, and all of a sudden my best friend jumped up and screamed "Surprise!".
- 18. Fiction stories are based on things that aren't real, they are make believe. Examples of fictional genres are: thriller, mystery, Sci-Fi, fantasy and dystopia.
- 19/20. Apostrophes can be used for possession, to show ownership, and for omission, to shorten words. The corrected sentence should read: We've arrived at the hotel with David's bags, can you meet us here?
 - 21. A subheading is a mini headline given to a subsection or paragraph within a main piece of writing. Subheadings are usually found in nonfiction texts.
 - **22.** Be as creative as you can with the drawing, use bright colours! Adjectives are describing words, think about what words you would use to describe the main character in your reading book.
- 23/24. Your character profile should include a picture of your favourite animal, its name, facts about the animal, its likes and dislikes.
 - **25.** The correct suffix is **-ure**. This should make the words: **pleasure**, **enclosure** and **composure**.
- 26/27.A main clause can stand alone and makes sense by itself, whereas a subordinate clause can't stand alone and doesn't make sense by itself. Identify both of these in the sentence you have written.
 - 28. The two words that should be circled are "done" and "get". The new sentence should read: I did my piano practice as soon as I got home from school.
 - 29. A main clause can stand alone, it makes sense by itself. A subordinate clause cannot stand alone and doesn't make sense by itself it needs to be paired with a main clause to function.







- 30. The answers are: reheat or preheat, underwater, misbehave and unable.
- 31. Check them carefully or ask a grown-up to check with you!

